

**PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE  
REPORT  
FOR:**

**ESTATES AT McDONALD  
RAMONA, CA**

**TM 5560 RPL1**

**Prepared for:**

**Jean F. McDonald  
1212 H Street, Suite 175  
Ramona, Ca 92065  
Tel: 760-789-1405**

**Prepared by:**

**Landmark Consulting  
9555 Genesee Avenue, Suite 200  
San Diego, Ca 92121  
Tel: 858-587-8070**

**REV. DATE: 4-9-09**



---

**David Yeh, RCE 62717, Exp. 6-30-10**

**RECEIVED**  
**SEP 15 2010**  
**DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING  
AND LAND USE**

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

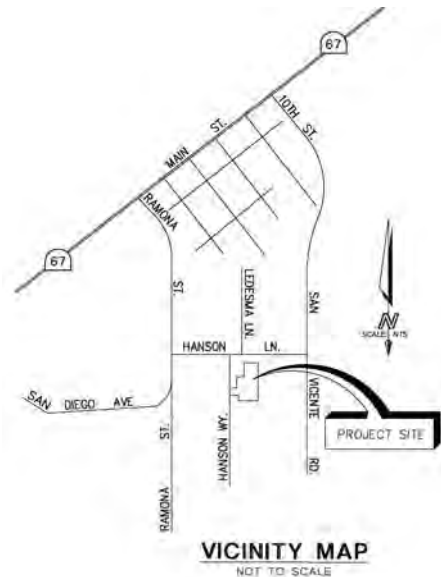
<b>PROJECT DISCUSSION</b>	<b>PAGE 3</b>
<b>PORPUSE FOR PROJECT</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>VICINITY MAP</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>DESCRIPTION OF WATERSHED</b>	<b>3-4</b>
<b>DECLARATON OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>METHOD OF ANALYSIS</b>	<b>7-11</b>
<b>SUMMARY</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>WATERSHED/HYDROLOGY MAPS</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS</b>	
<b>PRE-DEVLEOPMENT CONDITONS</b>	<b>19-30</b>
100-YEAR STORM	
<b>POST-DEVLEOPMENT CONDITONS</b>	<b>31-71</b>
100-YEAR STORM	
<b>HYDRAULICS CALCULATIONS</b>	
EXISTING 18" RCP	<b>75</b>
PROPOSED 1.5'X 5' BOX CULVERT	<b>76</b>
PROPOSED 1'X 5' BOX CULVERT	<b>77</b>
PROPOSED 18" RCP	<b>78-79</b>
EXISTING CONCRETE DITCH	<b>80</b>
<b>APPENDIX</b>	<b>81</b>
HYDROLOGIC SOILS GROUP MAP	
100-YEAR, 6-HOUR PRECIPITATION	
SLOPE OF INTENSITY DURATION CURVE	

## PROJECT DISCUSSION

### PURPOSE FOR PROJECT:

The proposed development consists of the construction of 15 single-family homes on approximately 9.8 acres of largely vacant land. There is an approved TM, grading and improvement plans for this property with a lower density development that was approved by the County of San Diego. The proposed street and utilities including a storm drain system were also approved as part of the previous TM. The purpose of this report is to determine the peak runoff volume of the site and compare to the pre-development conditions. The adequacy of the proposed storm drain system will be analyzed as a result of the increase in density.

### VICINITY MAP



### DESCRIPTION OF WATERSHED

The site is located on the southeasterly corner of the intersection of Hanson Lane and Hanson Way, between Ramona Street and San Vicente Road, in the community of Ramona, in the County of San Diego, State of California.

Under the existing conditions, the entire site sheet flows northerly and into an existing 18" RCP culvert crossing the existing Hanson Lane.

Under the proposed conditions, the northerly portion of the site drains on the proposed super-elevated street. The entire site drains onto the street and into a series of grass-lined swales and driveway culverts along the easterly side of the street. The flow eventually enters a major bio-filtration grass swale located at the southeasterly corner of the intersection of Hanson Lane and proposed street. The flow from the swale enters a 1.5'X2.5' box culvert that replaces the

existing 18" RCP culvert crossing Hanson Lane. The upstream water shed from the area southwesterly of the project, including the existing development along School Daze drain onto the existing Hanson Lane and into a proposed curb inlet located on the westerly side of the intersection of Clae Jean Court that discharges into a 1'x5.5' box. The runoff is then conveyed easterly within the 1'x5.5' culvert and connects to the 1.5'x2.5' culvert. After this junction point, the proposed culvert crossing Hanson Lane is enlarged to an 1.5'x6.5' box to accommodate the combined runoff. The 1.5'x6.5' box culvert conveys the discharge across Hanson Lane and into an existing 18" concrete ditch.

## DECLARATON OF RESPONSIBLE CHARGE

I, HEREBY DECLARE THAT I AM THE ENGINEER OF WORK FOR THIS PROJECT, THAT I HAVE EXERCISED RESPONSIBLE CHARGE OVER THE DESIGN OF THE PROJECT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6703 OF THE BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE, AND THAT THE DESIGN IS CONSISTENT WITH CURRENT STANDARDS.

I UNDERSTAND THAT THE CHECK OF PROJECT DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS BY THE COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO IS CONDINED TO A REVIEW ONLY AND DOES NOT RELIEVE ME, AS ENGINEER OF WORK, OF MY RESPONSIBILITIES FOR PROJECT DESIGN.



4-9-09

---

DAVID H. YEH, P.E. 62717

DATE



## METHOD OF ANALYSIS

### 3.1 THE RATIONAL METHOD

The Rational Method (RM) is a mathematical formula used to determine the maximum runoff rate from a given rainfall. It has particular application in urban storm drainage, where it is used to estimate peak runoff rates from small urban and rural watersheds for the design of storm drains and small drainage structures. The RM is recommended for analyzing the runoff response from drainage areas up to approximately 1 square mile in size. It should not be used in instances where there is a junction of independent drainage systems or for drainage areas greater than approximately 1 square mile in size. In these instances, the Modified Rational Method (MRM) should be used for junctions of independent drainage systems in watersheds up to approximately 1 square mile in size (see Section 3.4); or the NRCS Hydrologic Method should be used for watersheds greater than approximately 1 square mile in size (see Section 4).

The RM can be applied using any design storm frequency (e.g., 100-year, 50-year, 10-year, etc.). The local agency determines the design storm frequency that must be used based on the type of project and specific local requirements. A discussion of design storm frequency is provided in Section 2.3 of this manual. A procedure has been developed that converts the 6-hour and 24-hour precipitation isopluvial map data to an Intensity-Duration curve that can be used for the rainfall intensity in the RM formula as shown in Figure 3-1. The RM is applicable to a 6-hour storm duration because the procedure uses Intensity-Duration Design Charts that are based on a 6-hour storm duration.

#### 3.1.1 Rational Method Formula

The RM formula estimates the peak rate of runoff at any location in a watershed as a function of the drainage area ( $A$ ), runoff coefficient ( $C$ ), and rainfall intensity ( $I$ ) for a duration equal to the time of concentration ( $T_c$ ), which is the time required for water to

flow from the most remote point of the basin to the location being analyzed. The RM formula is expressed as follows:

$$Q = C I A$$

Where:  $Q$  = peak discharge, in cubic feet per second (cfs)  
 $C$  = runoff coefficient, proportion of the rainfall that runs off the surface (no units)  
 $I$  = average rainfall intensity for a duration equal to the  $T_c$  for the area, in inches per hour (Note: If the computed  $T_c$  is less than 5 minutes, use 5 minutes for computing the peak discharge,  $Q$ )  
 $A$  = drainage area contributing to the design location, in acres

Combining the units for the expression  $CIA$  yields:

$$\left( \frac{1 \text{ acre} \times \text{inch}}{\text{hour}} \right) \left( \frac{43,560 \text{ ft}^2}{\text{acre}} \right) \left( \frac{1 \text{ foot}}{12 \text{ inches}} \right) \left( \frac{1 \text{ hour}}{3,600 \text{ seconds}} \right) \Rightarrow 1.008 \text{ cfs}$$

For practical purposes the unit conversion coefficient difference of 0.8% can be ignored.

The RM formula is based on the assumption that for constant rainfall intensity, the peak discharge rate at a point will occur when the raindrop that falls at the most upstream point in the tributary drainage basin arrives at the point of interest.

Unlike the MRM (discussed in Section 3.4) or the NRCS hydrologic method (discussed in Section 4), the RM does not create hydrographs and therefore does not add separate subarea hydrographs at collection points. Instead, the RM develops peak discharges in the main line by increasing the  $T_c$  as flow travels downstream.

Characteristics of, or assumptions inherent to, the RM are listed below:

- The discharge flow rate resulting from any  $I$  is maximum when the  $I$  lasts as long as or longer than the  $T_c$ .



- The storm frequency of peak discharges is the same as that of I for the given  $T_c$ .
- The fraction of rainfall that becomes runoff (or the runoff coefficient, C) is independent of I or precipitation zone number (PZN) condition (PZN Condition is discussed in Section 4.1.2.4).
- The peak rate of runoff is the only information produced by using the RM.

### 3.1.2 Runoff Coefficient

Table 3-1 lists the estimated runoff coefficients for urban areas. The concepts related to the runoff coefficient were evaluated in a report entitled *Evaluation, Rational Method "C" Values* (Hill, 2002) that was reviewed by the Hydrology Manual Committee. The Report is available at San Diego County Department of Public Works, Flood Control Section and on the San Diego County Department of Public Works web page.

The runoff coefficients are based on land use and soil type. Soil type can be determined from the soil type map provided in Appendix A. An appropriate runoff coefficient (C) for each type of land use in the subarea should be selected from this table and multiplied by the percentage of the total area (A) included in that class. The sum of the products for all land uses is the weighted runoff coefficient ( $\Sigma[CA]$ ). Good engineering judgment should be used when applying the values presented in Table 3-1, as adjustments to these values may be appropriate based on site-specific characteristics. In any event, the impervious percentage (% Impervious) as given in the table, for any area, shall govern the selected value for C. The runoff coefficient can also be calculated for an area based on soil type and impervious percentage using the following formula:

$$C = 0.90 \times (\% \text{ Impervious}) + C_p \times (1 - \% \text{ Impervious})$$

Where:  $C_p$  = Pervious Coefficient Runoff Value for the soil type (shown in Table 3-1 as Undisturbed Natural Terrain/Permanent Open Space, 0% Impervious). Soil type can be determined from the soil type map provided in Appendix A.

The values in Table 3-1 are typical for most urban areas. However, if the basin contains rural or agricultural land use, parks, golf courses, or other types of nonurban land use that are expected to be permanent, the appropriate value should be selected based upon the soil and cover and approved by the local agency.

### 3.1.4 Time of Concentration

The Time of Concentration ( $T_c$ ) is the time required for runoff to flow from the most remote part of the drainage area to the point of interest. The  $T_c$  is composed of two components: initial time of concentration ( $T_i$ ) and travel time ( $T_t$ ). Methods of computation for  $T_i$  and  $T_t$  are discussed below. The  $T_i$  is the time required for runoff to travel across the surface of the most remote subarea in the study, or “initial subarea.” Guidelines for designating the initial subarea are provided within the discussion of computation of  $T_i$ . The  $T_t$  is the time required for the runoff to flow in a watercourse (e.g., swale, channel, gutter, pipe) or series of watercourses from the initial subarea to the point of interest. For the RM, the  $T_c$  at any point within the drainage area is given by:

$$T_c = T_i + T_t$$

Methods of calculation differ for natural watersheds (nonurbanized) and for urban drainage systems. When analyzing storm drain systems, the designer must consider the possibility that an existing natural watershed may become urbanized during the useful life of the storm drain system. Future land uses must be used for  $T_c$  and runoff calculations, and can be determined from the local Community General Plan.

#### 3.1.4.1 Initial Time of Concentration

The initial time of concentration is typically based on sheet flow at the upstream end of a drainage basin. The Overland Time of Flow (Figure 3-3) is approximated by an equation developed by the Federal Aviation Agency (FAA) for analyzing flow on runways (FAA, 1970). The usual runway configuration consists of a crown, like most freeways, with sloping pavement that directs flow to either side of the runway. This type of flow is uniform in the direction perpendicular to the velocity and is very shallow. Since these depths are  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an inch (more or less) in magnitude, the relative roughness is high. Some higher relative roughness values for overland flow are presented in Table 3.5 of the *HEC-1 Flood Hydrograph Package User's Manual* (USACE, 1990).



## SUMMARY

	PRE- DEVELOPMENT			POST- DEVELOPMENT		
STORM EVENT	Q (cfs)	AREA	V	Q (cfs)	AREA	V
	NODE 117	(AC)	(FPS)	NODE 212	(AC)	(FPS)
100-YEAR	68.2	30.2	38.6*	66.2	30.2	6.8**

Based on the hydrology and hydraulics calculations, the proposed development will not increase the overall peak runoff from the site under the 100-year storm events due to low density residential development and increased time of travel.

The proposed storm drain system is adequate to handle the anticipated peak runoff from the site.

The existing concrete ditch located on the northerly side of Hanson Lane is under capacity under both the pre and post-development conditions, however, since the overall peak discharge exiting the proposed side will decrease, it is reasonable to conclude the proposed development will not have any additional negative impact to the down stream storm drain systems.

\* Velocity based on AES computer analysis assuming full discharge.

\*\* velocity calculated based on peak flow of 66.2 cfs and cross section area of culvert opening of 9.75 sf –  $66.2 / 9.75 = 6.8$  fps.



## **WATERSHED/HYDROLOGY MAPS**





## **HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS**



## **PRE-DEVLEOPMENT CONDITONS**



# 100-YEAR STORM

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2004 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 2.0 Release Date: 01/01/2004 License ID 1503

Analysis prepared by:

LANDMARK CONSULTING  
9555 GENESEE AVENUE, SUITE 200  
SAN DIEGO, CA 92121  
TEL: 858-587-8070

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* ESTATES AT MCDONALD, RAMONA, CA \*  
\* PRE-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS \*  
\* 100-YEAR STORM \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1061XC.DAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 11:00 04/08/2009

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS  
\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	18.0	13.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0313 0.125	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 5.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

PERENNIAL GRASS GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500

```

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 80
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 20.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1558.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1550.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 8.00
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.803
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.05 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1550.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1450.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 650.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1538
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 12.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.020 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.756
PERENNIAL GRASS GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 80
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.31
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.14
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.05 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.62
Tc(MIN.) = 5.42
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.75 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.43
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.58

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.08 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.17
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 670.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1450.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1425.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 660.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0379
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 25.00 "Z" FACTOR = 10.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.236
RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 82
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 14.64
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.93
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.19 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.75
Tc(MIN.) = 9.17

```

```

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =      4.70      SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      12.02
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =    0.388
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      7.50      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      18.13

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =    0.21    FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    3.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      104.00 =    1330.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      104.00 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =    51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =    1425.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =    1423.90
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =    130.00 CHANNEL SLOPE =    0.0085
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =     5.00 "Z" FACTOR =    4.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =    0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =    2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =    5.941
RESIDENTAIL (7.3 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5700
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =    87
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =    18.47
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    3.03
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =    0.76 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =    0.71
Tc(MIN.) =    9.89
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =     0.20      SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =     0.68
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =    0.392
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =     7.70      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =    18.13

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =    0.75    FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    3.01
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      105.00 =    1460.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      105.00 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =    10
-----
>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<
=====

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      106.00 TO NODE      107.00 IS CODE =    21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
RESIDENTAIL (7.3 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5700
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =    87
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =    25.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =    1427.50
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =    1427.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =     0.50
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =    3.786
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =    9.222
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =     0.26
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =     0.05 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =     0.26

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      107.00 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =  62
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION #  1 USED)<<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1427.00  DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1423.90
STREET LENGTH(FEET) =  295.00  CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) =  6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) =  13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF =  1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curb-to-curb) =  0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section =  0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =  1.53
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.28
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =  7.92
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  2.05
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) =  0.58
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  2.39  Tc(MIN.) =  6.18
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  8.044
RESIDENTAIL (7.3 DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .5700
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  87
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =  0.570
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =  0.55  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =  2.52
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =  0.60  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =  2.75

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.33  HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =  10.31
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  2.33  DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) =  0.77
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      106.00 TO NODE      105.00 =  320.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      105.00 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =  10
-----
>>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<<
=====

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      108.00 TO NODE      109.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
PERENNIAL GRASS GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  80
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =  20.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =  1604.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =  1600.00

```



```

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =      4.00
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =      2.803
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  9.222
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.16
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      0.05    TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.16

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      109.00 TO NODE      109.10 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =  1600.00  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =  1517.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =  490.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.1694
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =  30.00  "Z" FACTOR =  12.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =  0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =  1.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  8.072
PERENNIAL GRASS GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  80
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =      3.20
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  2.44
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.04  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  3.34
Tc(MIN.) =  6.15
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =      2.15    SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      6.07
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =  0.350
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      2.20    PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      6.22

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =  0.06  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  3.16
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      108.00 TO NODE      109.10 =  510.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      109.10 TO NODE      110.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =  1517.00  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =  1465.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =  450.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.1156
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =  20.00  "Z" FACTOR =  12.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =  0.020  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =  1.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  7.100
PERENNIAL GRASS GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  80
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =     12.96
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  5.54
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.11  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  1.35
Tc(MIN.) =  7.50
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =      5.40    SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =     13.42
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =  0.350
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      7.60    PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =     18.89

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:

```

```

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.13    FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.50
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    108.00 TO NODE    110.00 = 960.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    110.00 TO NODE    111.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1465.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1436.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 480.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0604
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 8.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.208
RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 82
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 25.24
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.61
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.25 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.73
Tc(MIN.) = 9.23
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 5.00 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 12.73
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.374
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 12.60 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 29.24

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.27    FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.85
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    108.00 TO NODE    111.00 = 1440.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    111.00 TO NODE    112.00 IS CODE = 62
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1436.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1424.50
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 530.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 34.96
***STREET FLOWING FULL***
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.50
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.00
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.87
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.43
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.81 Tc(MIN.) = 11.05
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.530

```

```

RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.396
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 4.50 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 11.45
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 17.10 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 37.49

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.51 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.38
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.01 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.54
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 112.00 = 1970.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.05
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.53
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 17.10
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 37.49

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE 114.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
PERENNIAL GRASS GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 80
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 20.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1565.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1560.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 5.00
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 2.803
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 9.222
NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.05 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.16

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 114.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 62
-----
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1660.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1441.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 700.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

```

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1  
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.41  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.24  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(Feet) = 5.74  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 9.87  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(Feet\*Feet/Sec.) = 2.38  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(Min.) = 1.18 Tc(Min.) = 3.98  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(Inch/Hour) = 9.222  
 NOTE: RAINFALL INTENSITY IS BASED ON Tc = 5-MINUTE.  
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4100  
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 82  
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.409  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 2.25 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 8.51  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.67

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH(Feet) = 0.29 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(Feet) = 8.07  
 FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 11.26 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(Feet\*Feet/Sec.) = 3.24  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE 115.00 = 720.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<  
 >>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1441.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1426.00  
 STREET LENGTH(Feet) = 700.00 CURB HEIGHT(Inches) = 6.0  
 STREET HALFWIDTH(Feet) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(Feet) = 13.00  
 INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1  
 STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150  
 Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 12.30  
 STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
 STREET FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.45  
 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(Feet) = 16.40  
 AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 4.38  
 PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(Feet\*Feet/Sec.) = 1.99  
 STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(Min.) = 2.66 Tc(Min.) = 6.65  
 100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(Inch/Hour) = 7.674  
 RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4100  
 SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 82  
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.409

```

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =      2.30      SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      7.24
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      4.60      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      14.45

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.48      HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 17.47
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.56      DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.17
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      113.00 TO NODE      116.00 = 1420.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      116.00 TO NODE      112.00 IS CODE = 62
-----
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1426.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1424.50
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 270.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 14.73
***STREET FLOW SPLITS OVER STREET-CROWN***
FULL DEPTH(FEET) = 0.49 FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.00
FULL HALF-STREET VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.36
SPLIT DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46 SPLIT FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 16.91
SPLIT FLOW(CFS) = 6.79 SPLIT VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.28
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.49
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.00
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.36
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.15
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.90 Tc(MIN.) = 8.55
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.524
STREETS & ROADS (CURBS/STORM DRAINS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 98
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.419
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.57
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 14.45

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.49 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 18.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.36 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.15
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 113.00 TO NODE 112.00 = 1690.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 112.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<

```

```

=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.55
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.52
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 14.45

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HR)      (ACRE)
1           37.49      11.05      5.530          17.10
2           14.45      8.55       6.524           4.70

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HR)
1           43.47      8.55      6.524
2           49.74      11.05     5.530

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 49.74 Tc(MIN.) = 11.05
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 112.00 = 1970.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 62
=====
>>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1424.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1423.90
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 18.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 13.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 49.98
***STREET FLOWING FULL***
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 23.45
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.26
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.60
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.23 Tc(MIN.) = 11.28
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.456
STREETS & ROADS (CURBS/STORM DRAINS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700

```

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"  
 S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 98  
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.404  
 SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.47  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 21.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 49.74

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH(FEET) = 0.61 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 23.39  
 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.26 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.59  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 2030.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 105.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 11

-----  
 >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<  
 =====

\*\* MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	49.74	11.28	5.456	21.90

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 2030.00 FEET.

\*\* MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	18.13	9.89	5.941	7.70

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 1460.00 FEET.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	61.71	9.89	5.941
2	66.39	11.28	5.456

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 66.39 Tc(MIN.) = 11.28  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 29.60

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 105.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 11

-----  
 >>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 2 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<  
 =====

\*\* MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	66.39	11.28	5.456	29.60

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 2030.00 FEET.

\*\* MEMORY BANK # 2 CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	2.75	6.18	8.044	0.60

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 320.00 FEET.

```

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)
    1       39.11       6.18       8.044
    2       68.25      11.28       5.456

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      68.25   Tc(MIN.) =    11.28
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      30.20

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      105.00 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =  12
-----
>>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<<
=====

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      105.00 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =  12
-----
>>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 2 <<<<<
=====

+-----+
| FLOW ENTERS EXISTING 18" CULVERT CROSSING EX. HANSON LANE AND DISCHARGES |
| INTO EXIST. CONCRETE DITCH ON N'LY SIDE OF HANSON LANE.                |
+-----+

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      105.00 TO NODE      117.00 IS CODE =  41
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING USER-SPECIFIED PIPESIZE (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1422.87  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1422.36
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00  MANNING'S N = 0.013
ASSUME FULL-FLOWING PIPELINE
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 38.62
PIPE FLOW VELOCITY = (TOTAL FLOW)/(PIPE CROSS SECTION AREA)
GIVEN PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00  NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 68.25
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03  Tc(MIN.) = 11.31
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      108.00 TO NODE      117.00 = 2090.00 FEET.

+-----+
| FLOW ENTERS EXISTING CONCRETE DITCH N'LY OF HANSON LANE                |
|                                                                           |
+-----+

=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)      =      30.20  TC(MIN.) =      11.31
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)   =      68.25

=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

```



## **POST-DEVLEOPMENT CONDITIONS**



# 100-YEAR STORM

\*\*\*\*\*

RATIONAL METHOD HYDROLOGY COMPUTER PROGRAM PACKAGE  
Reference: SAN DIEGO COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT  
2003,1985,1981 HYDROLOGY MANUAL  
(c) Copyright 1982-2004 Advanced Engineering Software (aes)  
Ver. 2.0 Release Date: 01/01/2004 License ID 1503

Analysis prepared by:

LANDMARK CONSULTING  
9555 GENESEE AVENUE, SUITE 200  
SAN DIEGO, CA 92121  
TEL: 858-587-8070

\*\*\*\*\* DESCRIPTION OF STUDY \*\*\*\*\*  
\* ESTATES AT MCDONALD, RAMONA, CA. \*  
\* POST-DEVELOPMENT CONDITIONS \*  
\* 100-YEAR STORM \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

FILE NAME: 1061PC.DAT  
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 12:07 04/09/2009

-----  
USER SPECIFIED HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULIC MODEL INFORMATION:  
-----

2003 SAN DIEGO MANUAL CRITERIA

USER SPECIFIED STORM EVENT(YEAR) = 100.00  
6-HOUR DURATION PRECIPITATION (INCHES) = 3.500  
SPECIFIED MINIMUM PIPE SIZE(INCH) = 18.00  
SPECIFIED PERCENT OF GRADIENTS(DECIMAL) TO USE FOR FRICTION SLOPE = 0.90  
SAN DIEGO HYDROLOGY MANUAL "C"-VALUES USED FOR RATIONAL METHOD  
NOTE: USE MODIFIED RATIONAL METHOD PROCEDURES FOR CONFLUENCE ANALYSIS  
\*USER-DEFINED STREET-SECTIONS FOR COUPLED PIPEFLOW AND STREETFLOW MODEL\*

NO.	WIDTH (FT)	CROWN TO CROSSFALL (FT)	STREET-CROSSFALL: IN- / OUT- / PARK- SIDE / SIDE/ WAY	CURB HEIGHT (FT)	GUTTER-GEOMETRIES: WIDTH LIP HIKE (FT) (FT) (FT)	MANNING FACTOR (n)
1	12.0	7.0	0.020/0.020/0.020	0.50	1.50 0.0313 0.125	0.0150

GLOBAL STREET FLOW-DEPTH CONSTRAINTS:

1. Relative Flow-Depth = 0.50 FEET  
as (Maximum Allowable Street Flow Depth) - (Top-of-Curb)
2. (Depth)\*(Velocity) Constraint = 5.0 (FT\*FT/S)

\*SIZE PIPE WITH A FLOW CAPACITY GREATER THAN  
OR EQUAL TO THE UPSTREAM TRIBUTARY PIPE.\*

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 102.00 IS CODE = 21  
-----

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

=====

CHAPARRAL(BROADLEAF) GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500

```

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 78
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(Feet) = 80.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1550.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1525.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(Feet) = 25.00
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(Min.) = 5.605
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.567
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.30
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.30

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 102.00 TO NODE 103.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(Feet) = 1525.00 DOWNSTREAM(Feet) = 1510.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(Feet) = 217.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0691
CHANNEL BASE(Feet) = 1.00 "Z" FACTOR = 1.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(Feet) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.961
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.67
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 5.36
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.11 TRAVEL TIME(Min.) = 0.67
Tc(Min.) = 6.28
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.73
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.423
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.01

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(Feet) = 0.14 FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 6.23
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 103.00 = 297.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 103.00 TO NODE 104.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(Feet) = 1510.00 DOWNSTREAM(Feet) = 1485.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(Feet) = 134.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1866
CHANNEL BASE(Feet) = 16.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(Feet) = 0.50
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.519
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.70
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 3.83
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.03 TRAVEL TIME(Min.) = 0.58
Tc(Min.) = 6.86
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.38

```

```

AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.444
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.34

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(Feet) = 0.03 FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 4.36
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 104.00 = 431.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 104.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 62
-----
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1485.00 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1479.00
STREET LENGTH(Feet) = 111.00 CURB HEIGHT(Inches) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(Feet) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(Feet) = 7.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(Decimal) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(Decimal) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(Decimal) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 2.50
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.26
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(Feet) = 6.78
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 4.34
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(Ft*Ft/Sec.) = 1.14
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(Min.) = 0.43 Tc(Min.) = 7.29
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(Inch/Hour) = 7.232
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.446
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.33
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.58

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOWHYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(Feet) = 0.26 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(Feet) = 6.89
FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 4.36 DEPTH*VELOCITY(Ft*Ft/Sec.) = 1.15
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 542.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 105.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(Min.) = 7.29
RAINFALL INTENSITY(Inch/Hr) = 7.23
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.58

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      104.10 TO NODE      104.20 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =      60.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      1495.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      1494.40
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =         0.60
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =       8.923
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   6.347
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =         0.29
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =         0.10   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =         0.29

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      104.20 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =      1494.40  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =      1479.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =      110.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =      0.1400
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =      16.00  "Z" FACTOR =      2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =      0.50
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   6.024
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =         0.71
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =      2.44
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =      0.02  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =      0.75
Tc(MIN.) =      9.68
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =         0.30   SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =         0.83
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =      0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =         0.40   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =         1.11

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =      0.03  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =      2.68
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      104.10 TO NODE      105.00 =      170.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      105.00 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =      9.68
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =      6.02
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =         0.40
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =         1.11

*****

```

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      106.00 TO NODE      107.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =      60.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      1492.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      1491.40
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =          0.60
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =      8.923
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  6.347
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =          0.29
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =          0.10   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =          0.29

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      107.00 TO NODE      107.10 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =      1491.40  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =      1490.20
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =      120.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =      0.0100
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =          0.00  "Z" FACTOR =      8.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =      0.50
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  5.706
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =          0.69
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =      1.25
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =      0.26  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =      1.60
Tc(MIN.) =      10.52
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =          0.30   SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =          0.79
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =      0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =          0.40   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =          1.05

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =  0.31  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =      1.38
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      106.00 TO NODE      107.10 =      180.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      107.10 TO NODE      105.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =      1490.20  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =      1475.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =      132.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =      0.1152
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =      16.00  "Z" FACTOR =      2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =      1.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  5.451
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =          1.18

```

TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY( FEET/SEC. ) = 2.84  
 AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH( FEET ) = 0.03 TRAVEL TIME( MIN. ) = 0.77  
 Tc( MIN. ) = 11.30  
 SUBAREA AREA( ACRES ) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS ) = 0.25  
 AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.460  
 TOTAL AREA( ACRES ) = 0.50 PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS ) = 1.25

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
 DEPTH( FEET ) = 0.03 FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/SEC. ) = 3.03  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 106.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 312.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 105.00 TO NODE 105.00 IS CODE = 1

-----  
 >>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
 >>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =	3
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 3 ARE:	
TIME OF CONCENTRATION( MIN. ) =	11.30
RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/HR ) =	5.45
TOTAL STREAM AREA( ACRES ) =	0.50
PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS ) AT CONFLUENCE =	1.25

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF ( CFS )	Tc ( MIN. )	INTENSITY ( INCH/HOUR )	AREA ( ACRE )
1	2.58	7.29	7.232	0.80
2	1.11	9.68	6.024	0.40
3	1.25	11.30	5.451	0.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 3 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF ( CFS )	Tc ( MIN. )	INTENSITY ( INCH/HOUR )
1	4.23	7.29	7.232
2	4.33	9.68	6.024
3	4.20	11.30	5.451

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:  
 PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS ) = 4.33 Tc( MIN. ) = 9.68  
 TOTAL AREA( ACRES ) = 1.70  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 105.00 = 542.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 105.00 TO NODE 108.00 IS CODE = 62

-----  
 >>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
 >>>>( STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED )<<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET ) =	1475.00	DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION( FEET ) =	1469.00
STREET LENGTH( FEET ) =	76.00	CURB HEIGHT( INCHES ) =	6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH( FEET ) =	12.00		

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK( FEET ) = 7.00



```

INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 4.59
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.29
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.25
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.74
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.67
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.22 Tc(MIN.) = 9.90
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.937
STREETS & ROADS (CURBS/STORM DRAINS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 98
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.477
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.52
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 1.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 5.09

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.30 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 8.69
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.83 DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.75
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 108.00 = 618.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 108.00 TO NODE 108.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.90
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.94
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 5.09

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 109.00 TO NODE 110.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1475.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1474.40
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.60
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 8.923
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.347
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      110.00 TO NODE      108.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =  1474.40  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =  1469.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =  230.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.0235
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =  16.00  "Z" FACTOR =  2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =  1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  5.385
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =      0.79
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  1.48
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.03  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  2.59
Tc(MIN.) =  11.51
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =      0.40  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.99
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =  0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      0.50  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      1.24

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =  0.04  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  1.79
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      109.00 TO NODE      108.00 =  290.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      108.00 TO NODE      108.00 IS CODE =  1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =  11.51
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =  5.39
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =  0.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =      1.24

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HR)  (ACRE)
    1         5.09       9.90       5.937       1.80
    2         1.24      11.51       5.385       0.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR  2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HR)
    1         6.16       9.90       5.937
    2         5.86      11.51       5.385

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      6.16  Tc(MIN.) =      9.90
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      2.30

```

```

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      108.00 =      618.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      108.00 TO NODE      111.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =   1467.50  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =   1461.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =    53.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =   0.1226
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =     0.00  "Z" FACTOR =    2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =    5.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   5.893
URBAN NEWLY GRADED AREAS RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =   94
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =      6.37
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    7.64
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =    0.65  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =    0.12
Tc(MIN.) =   10.01
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =     0.10  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =     0.42
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =   0.483
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =     2.40  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =     6.83

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =   0.67  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    7.68
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      111.00 =    671.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      111.00 TO NODE      112.00 IS CODE =  31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =   1461.00  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =   1460.20
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =    34.00  MANNING'S N =   0.013
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
DEPTH OF FLOW IN  18.0 INCH PIPE IS    8.4 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    8.41
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =   18.00  NUMBER OF PIPES =    1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =      6.83
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =    0.07  Tc(MIN.) =   10.08
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      112.00 =    705.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      112.00 TO NODE      112.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =   10.08
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =    5.87
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =     2.40
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =      6.83

*****

```

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      113.00 TO NODE      114.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =      60.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      1465.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      1464.40
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =          0.60
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =      8.923
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  6.347
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =          0.29
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =          0.10   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =          0.29

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      114.00 TO NODE      112.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =      1464.40  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =      1460.20
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =      160.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =      0.0263
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =      16.00  "Z" FACTOR =      2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =      1.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  5.662
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =          0.69
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =      1.54
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =      0.03  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =      1.73
Tc(MIN.) =      10.65
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =          0.30   SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =          0.78
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =      0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =          0.40   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =          1.04

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =      0.04  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =      1.84
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      113.00 TO NODE      112.00 =      220.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      112.00 TO NODE      112.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =      10.65
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =      5.66
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =          0.40
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =          1.04

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA

```

NUMBER	(CFS)	(MIN.)	(INCH/HOUR)	(ACRE)
1	6.83	10.08	5.867	2.40
2	1.04	10.65	5.662	0.40

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	7.82	10.08	5.867
2	7.63	10.65	5.662

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 7.82 Tc(MIN.) = 10.08  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 2.80  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 112.00 = 705.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 112.00 TO NODE 115.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1460.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1454.90  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 42.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1262  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 5.00  
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 7.82  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 8.04 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.70  
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.09 Tc(MIN.) = 10.17  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 115.00 = 747.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 115.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 31

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1454.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1451.63  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 34.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 6.2 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 14.58  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 7.82  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04 Tc(MIN.) = 10.21  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 116.00 = 781.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 116.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.21

```

RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.82
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 2.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 7.82

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 117.00 TO NODE 118.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 60.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1458.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1457.40
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.60
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 8.923
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.347
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 118.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1457.40 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1451.60
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 140.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0414
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 16.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.780
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.69
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.68
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.03 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.39
Tc(MIN.) = 10.32
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.80
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.06

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.03 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.98
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 117.00 TO NODE 116.00 = 200.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 116.00 TO NODE 116.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.32
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.78

```

TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.40  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.06

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	7.82	10.21	5.820	2.80
2	1.06	10.32	5.780	0.40

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	8.87	10.21	5.820
2	8.82	10.32	5.780

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 8.87 Tc(MIN.) = 10.21  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.20  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 116.00 = 781.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 116.00 TO NODE 119.00 IS CODE = 51  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<  
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1451.60 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1449.50  
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 48.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0437  
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000  
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 5.00  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.769  
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600  
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84  
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 9.80  
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.71  
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.93 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.14  
Tc(MIN.) = 10.35  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.86  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.474  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 3.90 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 10.67

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.95 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.90  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 119.00 = 829.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 119.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<  
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1449.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1446.00  
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 32.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013

```

ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) INCREASED TO 18.000
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 7.0 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 16.64
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00    NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 10.67
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.03    Tc(MIN.) = 10.38
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 120.00 = 861.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 120.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.38
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.76
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 3.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 10.67

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 121.00 TO NODE 122.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 50.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1452.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1451.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.50
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 8.146
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.731
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10    TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 122.00 TO NODE 120.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1451.50    DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1446.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 140.00    CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0393
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 16.00    "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015    MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.110
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.73
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 1.77
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.03    TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.32
Tc(MIN.) = 9.47
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30    SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.84
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.460

```



```

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =          0.40          PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =          1.12

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =  0.03   FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  2.10
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    121.00 TO NODE    120.00 =  190.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    120.00 TO NODE    120.00 IS CODE =  1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =  9.47
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =  6.11
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =  0.40
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =  1.12

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)  (ACRE)
    1        10.67      10.38      5.758        3.90
    2         1.12       9.47      6.110        0.40

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR  2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)
    1        11.18       9.47      6.110
    2        11.73      10.38      5.758

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =  11.73   Tc(MIN.) =  10.38
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =  4.30
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    101.00 TO NODE    120.00 =  861.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    120.00 TO NODE    123.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =  1446.00  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =  1442.90
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =  72.00   CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.0431
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =  0.00   "Z" FACTOR =  2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030   MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =  5.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =  11.73
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  6.00   FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.99
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  0.20   Tc(MIN.) =  10.58
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    101.00 TO NODE    123.00 =  933.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    123.00 TO NODE    123.00 IS CODE =  1
-----

```

```

>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.58
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.69
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 11.73

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 125.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(Feet) = 40.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1446.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1445.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(Feet) = 0.40
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 7.286
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 7.233
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.33
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.33

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 125.00 TO NODE 123.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(Feet) = 1445.60 DOWNSTREAM(Feet) = 1442.90
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(Feet) = 150.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0180
CHANNEL BASE(Feet) = 16.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(Feet) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.388
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.92
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 1.62
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.04 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.55
Tc(MIN.) = 8.83
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.18
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.47

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(Feet) = 0.05 FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 1.81
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 124.00 TO NODE 123.00 = 190.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 123.00 TO NODE 123.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<

```

```

=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 8.83
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.39
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.47

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HR)      (ACRE)
1           11.73      10.58      5.687          4.30
2           1.47       8.83       6.388          0.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HR)
1           11.91      8.83       6.388
2           13.04     10.58       5.687

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 13.04   Tc(MIN.) = 10.58
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 123.00 = 933.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 123.00 TO NODE 126.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1442.90 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1439.20
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 75.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0493
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 5.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 13.04
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.46 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.19 Tc(MIN.) = 10.77
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 126.00 = 1008.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 126.00 TO NODE 127.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1439.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1437.80
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 32.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 10.3 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 12.45
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 13.04
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.04 Tc(MIN.) = 10.81
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 127.00 = 1040.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      127.00 TO NODE      127.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =   2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM   1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =   10.81
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =    5.61
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =    4.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =      13.04

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      128.00 TO NODE      129.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =   84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =    50.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =   1443.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =   1442.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =    0.50
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =    8.146
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   6.731
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =    0.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =    0.10   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =    0.31

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      129.00 TO NODE      127.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =   1442.50  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =   1437.80
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =   143.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =   0.0329
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =   16.00  "Z" FACTOR =    2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =    1.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   6.048
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =   84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =    0.87
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   1.62
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =    0.03  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =   1.47
Tc(MIN.) =    9.62
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =    0.40   SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =    1.11
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =   0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =    0.50   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =    1.39

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =   0.04  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    2.11
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      128.00 TO NODE      127.00 =   193.00 FEET.

*****

```

```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      127.00 TO NODE      127.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =  9.62
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =  6.05
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =  0.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =  1.39

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)  (ACRE)
    1      13.04      10.81      5.607      4.80
    2       1.39       9.62      6.048      0.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR  2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)
    1      13.48       9.62      6.048
    2      14.32      10.81      5.607

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =  14.32  Tc(MIN.) =  10.81
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =  5.30
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      127.00 =  1040.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      127.00 TO NODE      130.00 IS CODE =  31
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1437.80  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1437.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =  32.00  MANNING'S N =  0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN  18.0 INCH PIPE IS  13.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  10.10
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =  18.00  NUMBER OF PIPES =  1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =  14.32
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  0.05  Tc(MIN.) =  10.87
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      130.00 =  1072.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      130.00 TO NODE      130.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =  10.87
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =  5.59
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =  5.30

```

```

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =      14.32

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      131.00 TO NODE      132.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =      40.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      1441.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =      1440.60
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =          0.40
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =       7.286
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   7.233
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =          0.33
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =          0.10   TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =          0.33

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      132.00 TO NODE      130.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =      1440.60  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =      1437.80
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =      150.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =      0.0187
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =      16.00  "Z" FACTOR =      2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =      1.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =      6.388
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =          0.92
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =      1.62
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =      0.04  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =      1.55
Tc(MIN.) =      8.83
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =          0.40   SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =          1.18
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =      0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =          0.50   PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =          1.47

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =      0.05  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =      1.81
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      131.00 TO NODE      130.00 =      190.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      130.00 TO NODE      130.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =      8.83
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =      6.39
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =          0.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =          1.47

```

```

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)  (ACRE)
    1        14.32      10.87      5.589        5.30
    2         1.47       8.83       6.388        0.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR  2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/HOUR)
    1        14.00       8.83       6.388
    2        15.61      10.87       5.589

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      15.61   Tc(MIN.) =   10.87
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =       5.80
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    101.00 TO NODE    130.00 =  1072.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    130.00 TO NODE    133.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =   1437.80  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =   1431.30
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =    72.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =   0.0903
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =     0.00  "Z" FACTOR =   2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =    5.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =    15.61
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    8.50  FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =    0.96
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =    0.14  Tc(MIN.) =   11.01
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    101.00 TO NODE    133.00 =  1144.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    133.00 TO NODE    134.00 IS CODE =  31
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =   1431.30  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =   1429.30
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =    35.00  MANNING'S N =   0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN  18.0 INCH PIPE IS  10.6 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   14.38
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =   18.00  NUMBER OF PIPES =    1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =    15.61
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =    0.04  Tc(MIN.) =   11.05
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    101.00 TO NODE    134.00 =  1179.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    134.00 TO NODE    134.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2

```

```

CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.05
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.53
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 5.80
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 15.61

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 136.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 50.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1438.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1437.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.50
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 8.146
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.731
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 136.00 TO NODE 134.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1437.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1429.30
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 141.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0582
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 16.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.201
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.88
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.13
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.03 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.10
Tc(MIN.) = 9.25
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.14
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.43

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.52
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 135.00 TO NODE 134.00 = 191.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 134.00 TO NODE 134.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:

```



TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.25  
 RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.20  
 TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.50  
 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.43

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	15.61	11.05	5.530	5.80
2	1.43	9.25	6.201	0.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
 CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	15.35	9.25	6.201
2	16.88	11.05	5.530

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 16.88 Tc(MIN.) = 11.05  
 TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.30  
 LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 134.00 = 1179.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 134.00 TO NODE 137.00 IS CODE = 51  
 -----

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<  
 >>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	1429.30	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	1427.90
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =	50.00	CHANNEL SLOPE =	0.0280
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =	0.00	"Z" FACTOR =	2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR =	0.030	MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =	5.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =	16.88		
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	5.57	FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =	1.23
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.15	Tc(MIN.) =	11.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	101.00	TO NODE	137.00 = 1229.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 137.00 TO NODE 138.00 IS CODE = 31  
 -----

>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<  
 >>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =	1427.90	DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =	1426.70
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) =	36.00	MANNING'S N =	0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN	18.0 INCH PIPE IS	13.7 INCHES	
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =	11.69		
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) =	18.00	NUMBER OF PIPES =	1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) =	16.88		
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =	0.05	Tc(MIN.) =	11.25
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE	101.00	TO NODE	138.00 = 1265.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 138.00 TO NODE 138.00 IS CODE = 1  
 -----

```

-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.25
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.47
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 16.88

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 139.00 TO NODE 140.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(Feet) = 50.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1433.50
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(Feet) = 1433.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(Feet) = 0.50
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 8.146
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.731
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 140.00 TO NODE 138.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(Feet) = 1433.00 DOWNSTREAM(Feet) = 1426.70
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(Feet) = 125.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0504
CHANNEL BASE(Feet) = 16.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(Feet) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.174
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.74
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 1.78
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.03 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.17
Tc(MIN.) = 9.31
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.30 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.85
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.14

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(Feet) = 0.03 FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 2.12
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 139.00 TO NODE 138.00 = 175.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 138.00 TO NODE 138.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<

```

```

>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 9.31
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 6.17
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.40
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 1.14

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)  (ACRE)
    1        16.88     11.25      5.466        6.30
    2         1.14      9.31      6.174         0.40

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)
    1        16.08      9.31      6.174
    2        17.89     11.25      5.466

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 17.89   Tc(MIN.) = 11.25
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 6.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 138.00 = 1265.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 138.00 TO NODE 141.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1426.70 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1425.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 56.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0304
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 0.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 5.00
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 17.89
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.83 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.24
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.16 Tc(MIN.) = 11.41
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 141.00 = 1321.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 141.00 TO NODE 142.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1425.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1424.00
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 39.00 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 21.0 INCH PIPE IS 13.5 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 10.96
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 21.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 17.89
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.06 Tc(MIN.) = 11.47

```

```

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      142.00 = 1360.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      142.00 TO NODE      142.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.47
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.40
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 6.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 17.89

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      143.00 TO NODE      144.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 50.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1432.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1431.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 0.50
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 8.146
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.731
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.31

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      144.00 TO NODE      142.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1431.50 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1424.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 120.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0625
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 16.00 "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.278
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.89
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.15
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.03 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.93
Tc(MIN.) = 9.08
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.40 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.16
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.460
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.50 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 1.44

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.04 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.55
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      143.00 TO NODE      142.00 = 170.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      142.00 TO NODE      142.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =   9.08
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =   6.28
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =   0.50
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =       1.44

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)  (ACRE)
    1        17.89      11.47      5.398        6.70
    2         1.44       9.08      6.278        0.50

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR  2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)
    1        16.83       9.08      6.278
    2        19.13      11.47      5.398

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      19.13   Tc(MIN.) =   11.47
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =       7.20
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      142.00 =  1360.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      142.00 TO NODE      305.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =  1424.00  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =  1422.90
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =   60.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =  0.0183
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =    0.00  "Z" FACTOR =   2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =   5.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  5.337
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =      19.25
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   4.90
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =   1.40  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =   0.20
Tc(MIN.) =  11.67
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =    0.10      SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =    0.25
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =  0.468
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =    7.30      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =    19.13

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =  1.40  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   4.89

```

```

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      305.00 = 1420.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      305.00 TO NODE      305.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 11.67
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.34
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 7.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 19.13

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      301.00 TO NODE      302.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
CHAPARRAL(BROADLEAF) GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 78
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 82.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1550.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1523.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 27.00
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.675
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.499
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.30
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.30

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      302.00 TO NODE      303.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1523.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1503.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 134.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1493
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 1.00 "Z" FACTOR = 1.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 2.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.143
CHAPARRAL(BROADLEAF) GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 78
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 0.44
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.74
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.07 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.39
Tc(MIN.) = 6.06
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.29
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.350
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.20 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 0.57

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.08 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.50
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      301.00 TO NODE      303.00 = 216.00 FEET.

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      303.00 TO NODE      304.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =   1503.00  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =   1427.90
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =  1012.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =   0.0742
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =    20.00  "Z" FACTOR =    5.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =    1.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   4.401
RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =   82
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =      1.51
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   1.74
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =    0.04  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =   9.68
Tc(MIN.) =  15.74
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =      1.00      SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      1.80
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =   0.400
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      1.20      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      2.11

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =   0.06  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   1.85
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      301.00 TO NODE      304.00 =  1228.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      304.00 TO NODE      305.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =   1427.90  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =   1422.90
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =   190.00  CHANNEL SLOPE =   0.0263
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =     0.00  "Z" FACTOR =    2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =    2.00
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =   4.234
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =   84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =      2.21
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   3.25
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =    0.58  TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =   0.97
Tc(MIN.) =  16.71
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =     0.10      SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =     0.19
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =   0.405
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =     1.30      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =     2.23

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =   0.58  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =   3.28
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      301.00 TO NODE      305.00 =  1418.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      305.00 TO NODE      305.00 IS CODE =   1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<

```

```

>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 16.71
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 4.23
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 1.30
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.23

** CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)  (ACRE)
    1         19.13     11.67      5.337        7.30
    2          2.23     16.71      4.234        1.30

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)  (INCH/ HOUR)
    1         20.69     11.67      5.337
    2         17.40     16.71      4.234

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 20.69   Tc(MIN.) = 11.67
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.60
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 305.00 = 1420.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 305.00 TO NODE 306.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<<
>>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM( FEET) = 1422.90  DOWNSTREAM( FEET) = 1422.37
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA( FEET) = 88.00  CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0060
CHANNEL BASE( FEET) = 0.00  "Z" FACTOR = 2.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030  MAXIMUM DEPTH( FEET) = 5.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY( INCH/ HOUR) = 5.210
URBAN NEWLY GRADED AREAS RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .7100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 94
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 20.87
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY( FEET/ SEC.) = 3.29
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH( FEET) = 1.78  TRAVEL TIME( MIN.) = 0.45
Tc( MIN.) = 12.12
SUBAREA AREA( ACRES) = 0.10  SUBAREA RUNOFF( CFS) = 0.37
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.461
TOTAL AREA( ACRES) = 8.70  PEAK FLOW RATE( CFS) = 20.89

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH( FEET) = 1.78  FLOW VELOCITY( FEET/ SEC.) = 3.29
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 306.00 = 1508.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 306.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 51

```



```

-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1422.37 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1422.16
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 24.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0087
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.50
CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 20.89
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 6.11 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.68
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.07 Tc(MIN.) = 12.18
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1532.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 12.18
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.19
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 8.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 20.89

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 308.00 TO NODE 309.00 IS CODE = 21
-----
>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<
=====
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 70.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1427.80
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1426.50
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 1.30
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 7.841
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.899
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.32
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.32

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 309.00 TO NODE 310.00 IS CODE = 62
-----
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1426.50 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1424.80
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 215.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 7.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1

```

STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 1.28  
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:  
STREET FLOW DEPTH(Feet) = 0.28  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(Feet) = 7.82  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 1.75  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(Feet\*Feet/Sec.) = 0.50  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(Min.) = 2.04 Tc(Min.) = 9.89  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(Inch/Hour) = 5.941  
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600  
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.460  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.70 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.91  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.80 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 2.19

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:  
DEPTH(Feet) = 0.32 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(Feet) = 9.89  
FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 1.99 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(Feet\*Feet/Sec.) = 0.65  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 308.00 TO NODE 310.00 = 285.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 310.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 31  
-----

>>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<  
>>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<<

=====

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(Feet) = 1422.64 DOWNSTREAM(Feet) = 1422.16  
FLOW LENGTH(Feet) = 8.85 MANNING'S N = 0.013  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(Inch) INCREASED TO 18.000  
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 3.7 INCHES  
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(Feet/Sec.) = 8.26  
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(Inch) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1  
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 2.19  
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(Min.) = 0.02 Tc(Min.) = 9.90  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 308.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 293.85 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 307.00 IS CODE = 1  
-----

>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<  
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<

=====

TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2  
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:  
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(Min.) = 9.90  
RAINFALL INTENSITY(Inch/Hr) = 5.93  
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 0.80  
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 2.19

\*\* CONFLUENCE DATA \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (Min.)	INTENSITY (Inch/Hour)	AREA (ACRE)
1	20.89	12.18	5.192	8.70

2            2.19            9.90            5.934            0.80

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	20.46	9.90	5.934
2	22.80	12.18	5.192

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 22.80 Tc(MIN.) = 12.18

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 9.50

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 307.00 = 1532.00 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 307.00 TO NODE 211.00 IS CODE = 51

>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<

>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<

ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1422.16 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1422.14

CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 11.70 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0017

CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000

MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.50

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 22.80

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.64 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.25

TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.05 Tc(MIN.) = 12.24

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 101.00 TO NODE 211.00 = 1543.70 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 211.00 TO NODE 211.00 IS CODE = 10

>>>>MAIN-STREAM MEMORY COPIED ONTO MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 202.00 IS CODE = 21

>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<

RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4100

SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"

S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 82

INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) = 100.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1604.00

DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1575.00

ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) = 29.00

SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) = 5.765

WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!

100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 8.412

SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.34

TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.34

\*\*\*\*\*  
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 202.00 TO NODE 203.00 IS CODE = 51

```

-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1575.00 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1467.20
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 880.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.1225
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 20.00 "Z" FACTOR = 12.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 6.175
RESIDENTIAL (1. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4100
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 82
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 10.56
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 4.14
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.12 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 3.55
Tc(MIN.) = 9.31
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 7.90 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 20.00
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.410
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 8.00 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 20.25

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.18 FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 5.13
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 203.00 = 980.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 203.00 TO NODE 204.00 IS CODE = 31
-----
>>>>COMPUTE PIPE-FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>USING COMPUTER-ESTIMATED PIPESIZE (NON-PRESSURE FLOW)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1467.20 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1462.80
FLOW LENGTH(FEET) = 52.30 MANNING'S N = 0.013
DEPTH OF FLOW IN 18.0 INCH PIPE IS 11.1 INCHES
PIPE-FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 17.70
ESTIMATED PIPE DIAMETER(INCH) = 18.00 NUMBER OF PIPES = 1
PIPE-FLOW(CFS) = 20.25
PIPE TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.05 Tc(MIN.) = 9.36
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 204.00 = 1032.30 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 204.00 TO NODE 205.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1462.80 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1445.00
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 535.00 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0333
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 15.00 "Z" FACTOR = 8.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.030 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.50
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.345
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 84
TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 22.34
TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA BASED ON VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.90
AVERAGE FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.33 TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 2.28
Tc(MIN.) = 11.65

```

```

SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =      1.70      SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      4.18
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =  0.419
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      9.70      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =      21.71

END OF SUBAREA CHANNEL FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) =  0.32  FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  3.90
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      201.00 TO NODE      205.00 =  1567.30 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      205.00 TO NODE      206.00 IS CODE =  62
-----
>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<
>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION #  1 USED)<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1445.00  DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1425.60
STREET LENGTH(FEET) =  576.00  CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) =  6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) =  7.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF =  1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) =  0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section =  0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =      28.50
***STREET FLOWING FULL***
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.43
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =  12.00
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  6.01
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) =  2.61
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  1.60  Tc(MIN.) =  13.24
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  4.920
RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =  0.435
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =  6.00      SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =  13.58
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =  15.70      PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =  33.56

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45  HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =  12.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  6.40  DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) =  2.91
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      201.00 TO NODE      206.00 =  2143.30 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      206.00 TO NODE      206.00 IS CODE =  1
-----
>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS =  2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM  1 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) =  13.24
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) =  4.92

```

```

TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) =      15.70
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE =      33.56

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      207.00 TO NODE      208.00 IS CODE =  21
-----
>>>>>RATIONAL METHOD INITIAL SUBAREA ANALYSIS<<<<<
=====
CHAPARRAL(BROADLEAF) GOOD COVER RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .3500
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  78
INITIAL SUBAREA FLOW-LENGTH(FEET) =      80.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =  1560.00
DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) =  1540.00
ELEVATION DIFFERENCE(FEET) =      20.00
SUBAREA OVERLAND TIME OF FLOW(MIN.) =      5.605
WARNING: THE MAXIMUM OVERLAND FLOW SLOPE, 10.%, IS USED IN Tc CALCULATION!
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  8.567
SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.30
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =      0.10  TOTAL RUNOFF(CFS) =      0.30

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      208.00 TO NODE      209.00 IS CODE =  62
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION #  1 USED)<<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1540.00  DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1427.00
STREET LENGTH(FEET) =  1287.00  CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) =  6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) =  12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) =  7.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF =  1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) =  0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) =  0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section =  0.0200

  **TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) =      7.05
  STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
  STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =  0.32
  HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =  9.79
  AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =  6.56
  PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) =  2.11
  STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =  3.27  Tc(MIN.) =  8.88
  100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) =  6.369
  RESIDENTIAL (2. DU/AC OR LESS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .4600
  SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
  S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) =  84
  AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT =  0.458
  SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) =  4.60  SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) =  13.48
  TOTAL AREA(ACRES) =  4.70  PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) =  13.70

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.37  HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) =  12.00

```

```

FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 7.36    DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 2.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    207.00 TO NODE    209.00 = 1367.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    209.00 TO NODE    206.00 IS CODE = 62
-----
>>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<<
>>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<<
=====
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1427.00  DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1425.60
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 250.00    CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 7.00
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

**TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 14.20
***STREET FLOWING FULL***
STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:
STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.46
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 12.00
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.65
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.22
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 1.57    Tc(MIN.) = 10.45
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 5.733
STREETS & ROADS (CURBS/STORM DRAINS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 98
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.474
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.20    SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 1.00
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 4.90    PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 13.70

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:
DEPTH(FEET) = 0.45    HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 12.00
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 2.61    DEPTH*VELOCITY(FT*FT/SEC.) = 1.19
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE    207.00 TO NODE    206.00 = 1617.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE    206.00 TO NODE    206.00 IS CODE = 1
-----
>>>>>DESIGNATE INDEPENDENT STREAM FOR CONFLUENCE<<<<<
>>>>>AND COMPUTE VARIOUS CONFLUENCED STREAM VALUES<<<<<
=====
TOTAL NUMBER OF STREAMS = 2
CONFLUENCE VALUES USED FOR INDEPENDENT STREAM 2 ARE:
TIME OF CONCENTRATION(MIN.) = 10.45
RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HR) = 5.73
TOTAL STREAM AREA(ACRES) = 4.90
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) AT CONFLUENCE = 13.70

** CONFLUENCE DATA **

```

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)	AREA (ACRE)
1	33.56	13.24	4.920	15.70
2	13.70	10.45	5.733	4.90

RAINFALL INTENSITY AND TIME OF CONCENTRATION RATIO  
CONFLUENCE FORMULA USED FOR 2 STREAMS.

\*\* PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE \*\*

STREAM NUMBER	RUNOFF (CFS)	Tc (MIN.)	INTENSITY (INCH/HOUR)
1	40.18	10.45	5.733
2	45.32	13.24	4.920

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:

PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 45.32 Tc(MIN.) = 13.24  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.60  
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE 201.00 TO NODE 206.00 = 2143.30 FEET.

\*\*\*\*\*

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 206.00 TO NODE 210.00 IS CODE = 62

>>>>COMPUTE STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME THRU SUBAREA<<<<

>>>>(STREET TABLE SECTION # 1 USED)<<<<

=====

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1425.60 DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FEET) = 1425.16  
STREET LENGTH(FEET) = 128.00 CURB HEIGHT(INCHES) = 6.0  
STREET HALFWIDTH(FEET) = 12.00

DISTANCE FROM CROWN TO CROSSFALL GRADEBREAK(FEET) = 7.00  
INSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
OUTSIDE STREET CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020

SPECIFIED NUMBER OF HALFSTREETS CARRYING RUNOFF = 1  
STREET PARKWAY CROSSFALL(DECIMAL) = 0.020  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Streetflow Section(curbs-to-curbs) = 0.0150  
Manning's FRICTION FACTOR for Back-of-Walk Flow Section = 0.0200

\*\*TRAVEL TIME COMPUTED USING ESTIMATED FLOW(CFS) = 45.53

\*\*\*STREET FLOWING FULL\*\*\*

STREETFLOW MODEL RESULTS USING ESTIMATED FLOW:

STREET FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 0.74  
HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 23.84  
AVERAGE FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.07  
PRODUCT OF DEPTH&VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.26  
STREET FLOW TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.69 Tc(MIN.) = 13.94  
100 YEAR RAINFALL INTENSITY(INCH/HOUR) = 4.760  
STREETS & ROADS (CURBS/STORM DRAINS) RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = .8700  
SOIL CLASSIFICATION IS "D"  
S.C.S. CURVE NUMBER (AMC II) = 98  
AREA-AVERAGE RUNOFF COEFFICIENT = 0.446  
SUBAREA AREA(ACRES) = 0.10 SUBAREA RUNOFF(CFS) = 0.41  
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 20.70 PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 45.32

END OF SUBAREA STREET FLOW HYDRAULICS:

DEPTH(FEET) = 0.74 HALFSTREET FLOOD WIDTH(FEET) = 23.78  
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 3.07 DEPTH\*VELOCITY(FT\*FT/SEC.) = 2.26



```

LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      201.00 TO NODE      210.00 = 2271.30 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      210.00 TO NODE      211.00 IS CODE = 51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) = 1422.31 DOWNSTREAM(FEET) = 1422.14
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) = 54.70 CHANNEL SLOPE = 0.0031
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) = 5.00 "Z" FACTOR = 0.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015 MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00

==>>WARNING: FLOW IN CHANNEL EXCEEDS CHANNEL
CAPACITY( NORMAL DEPTH EQUAL TO SPECIFIED MAXIMUM
ALLOWABLE DEPTH).
AS AN APPROXIMATION, FLOWDEPTH IS SET AT MAXIMUM
ALLOWABLE DEPTH AND IS USED FOR TRAVELTIME CALCULATIONS.

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) = 45.32
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) = 9.06 FLOW DEPTH(FEET) = 1.00
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) = 0.10 Tc(MIN.) = 14.04
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      201.00 TO NODE      211.00 = 2326.00 FEET.

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      211.00 TO NODE      211.00 IS CODE = 11
-----
>>>>CONFLUENCE MEMORY BANK # 1 WITH THE MAIN-STREAM MEMORY<<<<
=====

** MAIN STREAM CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)      (ACRE)
1           45.32      14.04           4.738           20.70
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      201.00 TO NODE      211.00 = 2326.00 FEET.

** MEMORY BANK # 1 CONFLUENCE DATA **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY      AREA
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)      (ACRE)
1           22.80      12.24           5.177           9.50
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      101.00 TO NODE      211.00 = 1543.70 FEET.

** PEAK FLOW RATE TABLE **
STREAM      RUNOFF      Tc      INTENSITY
NUMBER      (CFS)      (MIN.)      (INCH/HOUR)
1           62.31      12.24           5.177
2           66.19      14.04           4.738

COMPUTED CONFLUENCE ESTIMATES ARE AS FOLLOWS:
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS) = 66.19 Tc(MIN.) = 14.04
TOTAL AREA(ACRES) = 30.20

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      211.00 TO NODE      211.00 IS CODE = 12
-----
>>>>CLEAR MEMORY BANK # 1 <<<<
=====

```

```

*****
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE      211.00 TO NODE      212.00 IS CODE =  51
-----
>>>>COMPUTE TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL FLOW<<<<
>>>>TRAVELTIME THRU SUBAREA (EXISTING ELEMENT)<<<<
=====
ELEVATION DATA: UPSTREAM(FEET) =   1422.14  DOWNSTREAM(FEET) =   1422.01
CHANNEL LENGTH THRU SUBAREA(FEET) =    69.00   CHANNEL SLOPE =   0.0019
CHANNEL BASE(FEET) =    7.50   "Z" FACTOR =    0.000
MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.015   MAXIMUM DEPTH(FEET) =    1.50

==>>WARNING: FLOW IN CHANNEL EXCEEDS CHANNEL
CAPACITY( NORMAL DEPTH EQUAL TO SPECIFIED MAXIMUM
ALLOWABLE DEPTH).
AS AN APPROXIMATION, FLOWDEPTH IS SET AT MAXIMUM
ALLOWABLE DEPTH AND IS USED FOR TRAVELTIME CALCULATIONS.

CHANNEL FLOW THRU SUBAREA(CFS) =    66.19
FLOW VELOCITY(FEET/SEC.) =    5.88   FLOW DEPTH(FEET) =    1.50
TRAVEL TIME(MIN.) =    0.20   Tc(MIN.) =   14.23
LONGEST FLOWPATH FROM NODE      201.00 TO NODE      212.00 =  2395.00 FEET.

+-----+
| FLOW ENTERS EXISTING CONCRETE DITCH |
+-----+
=====
END OF STUDY SUMMARY:
TOTAL AREA(ACRES)      =    30.20   TC(MIN.) =    14.23
PEAK FLOW RATE(CFS)    =    66.19
=====
END OF RATIONAL METHOD ANALYSIS

```

## HYDRAULICS CALCULATIONS



## EXISTING 18" RCP CROSSING HANSON LN.

---

### Project Description

---

Worksheet	Circular Channel - 2
Flow Element	Circular Channel
Method	Manning's Formula
Solve For	Full Flow Capacity

---

### Input Data

---

Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Channel Slope	0.84 %
Diameter	18.0 in

---

### Results

---

Depth	18.0 in
Discharge	9.63 cfs
Flow Area	1.8 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	4.71 ft
Top Width	0.00 ft
Critical Depth	1.20 ft
Percent Full	100.0 %
Critical Slope	0.88 %
Velocity	5.45 ft/s
Velocity Head	0.46 ft
Specific Energy	23.5 in
Froude Number	0.00
Maximum Discharge	<b>10.36 cfs</b>
Discharge Full	9.63 cfs
Slope Full	0.84 %
Flow Type	N/A

---

**Q max = 10.36 cfs**

## **PROPOSED 1'x5.5' BOX CULVERT CAPACITY**

Due to the physical constraints on the site at the intersection of the proposed Glae Jean Court and the existing Hanson Lane, the proposed 1' x 5.5' box culvert will be very flat with a maximum channel slope of 0.32%, under normal free flow conditions, the capacity of the box culvert is less than the anticipated peak flow rate of 45.3 cfs. However, the water will pond at the entrance to the culvert, inside the proposed curb inlet, to produce a headwater condition that will increase the overall capacity of the culvert.

The top of curb elevation at the curb inlet upstream of the 1' x 5.5' box culvert is at 1425.15, the flow line elevation at the gutter is 1424.65, the flow line elevation of the entrance to the box culvert is 1422.31, the maximum water depth(without overtopping the curb) is 2.84'. Based on the following headwater analysis, the capacity of the box culvert when under 2.84' of head is 46.7 cfs, greater than the anticipated 100-year peak flow rate of 45.3 cfs.

## **PROPOSED 1.5'x2.5' BOX CULVERT CAPACITY (before confluence point with 1'x5.5' box culvert)**

Due to the physical constraints on the site at the intersection of the proposed Glae Jean Court and the existing Hanson Lane, the proposed 1.5' x 2.5' box culvert will be very flat with a maximum channel slope of 0.2%, under normal free flow conditions, the capacity of the box culvert is less than the anticipated peak flow rate of 22.8 cfs before the confluence point with the proposed 1'x5.5' box culvert from westerly of the proposed Glae Jean Court at Hanson Lane. However, the water will pond at the entrance to the culvert to produce a headwater condition that will increase the overall capacity of the culvert.

The top of curb elevation at the curb return adjacent to the entrance of the 1.5' x 2.5' box culvert is at 1425.2. The flow line elevation of the entrance to the box culvert is 1422.21. The maximum water depth(without spilling over the curb) is 2.99'. Based on the following headwater analysis, the capacity of the box culvert when under 2.99' of head is 26.2 cfs, greater than the anticipated 100-year peak flow rate of 22.8 cfs. Before the confluence point. After the confluence point, the overall peak discharge is increased to 66.2, the culvert is widened to 6.5' with the same headwater conditions. See below for more detailed analysis.

## **PROPOSED 1.5'x6.5' BOX CULVERT CAPACITY (after confluence point with 1'x5.5' box culvert)**

Due to the physical constraints on the site at the intersection of the proposed Glae Jean Court and the existing Hanson Lane, the proposed 1.5' x 6.5' box culvert will be very flat with a maximum channel slope of 0.2%, under normal free flow conditions, the capacity of the box culvert is less than the anticipated peak flow rate of 66.2 cfs after the confluence point with the proposed 1'x5.5' box culvert from westerly of the proposed Glae Jean Court at Hanson Lane. However, the water will pond at the entrance to the culvert to produce a headwater condition that will increase the overall capacity of the culvert.

The top of curb elevation at the curb return adjacent to the entrance of the 1.5' x 6.5' box culvert is at 1425.2. The flow line elevation of the entrance to the box culvert is 1422.21. The maximum water depth(without spilling over the curb) is 2.99'. Based on the following headwater analysis, the capacity of the box culvert when under 2.99' of head is 68.2 cfs, greater than the anticipated 100-year peak flow rate of 66.2 cfs. after the confluence point.





# **PROPOSED 18" RCP AT EASTRLY INTERSECTOIN OF HANSON LN. AND GLAE JEAN CT. CAPACITY**

Project Description	
Worksheet	PIPE 3
Flow Element	Circular Channel
Method	Manning's Formula
Solve For	Full Flow Capacity
Input Data	
Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Channel Slope	5.54 %
Diameter	18.0 in
Results	
Depth	18.0 in
Discharge	<b>24.72 cfs</b>
Flow Area	1.8 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	4.71 ft
Top Width	0.00 ft
Critical Depth	1.49 ft
Percent Full	100.0 %
Critical Slope	5.11 %
Velocity	13.99 ft/s
Velocity Head	3.04 ft
Specific Energy	54.5 in
Froude Number	0.00
Maximum Discharge	26.59 cfs
Discharge Full	24.72 cfs
Slope Full	5.54 %
Flow Type	N/A

**Q CAPACITY = 24.7CFS**  
**Q MAX FROM NODE 310 – 307 = 2.2CFS, OK.**

## EXISTING CONCRETE DITCH ON NORTH SIDE OF HANSON LN.

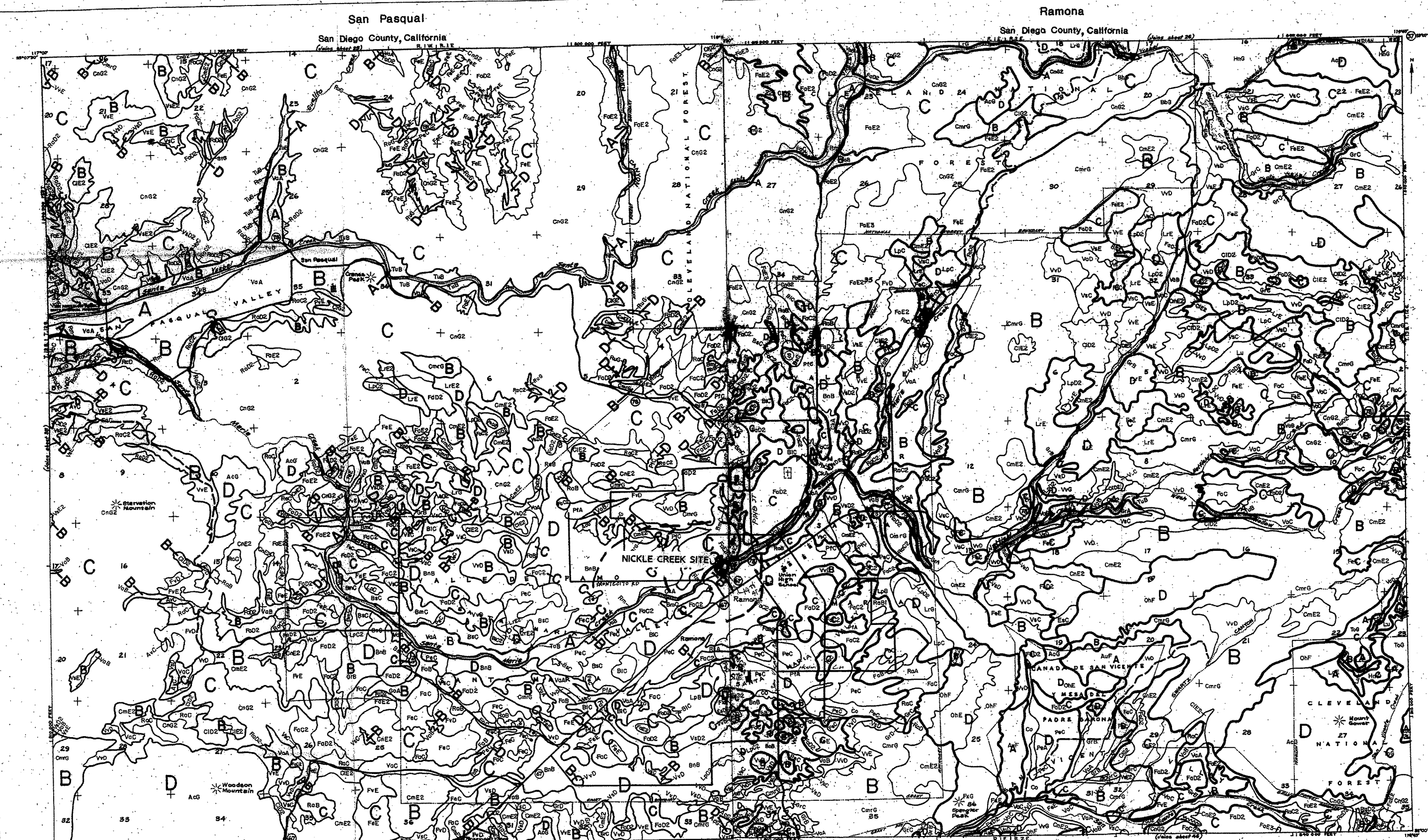
Project Description	
Worksheet	EX, DITCH
Flow Element	Circular Channel
Method	Manning's Formula
Solve For	Discharge
Input Data	
Mannings Coefficient	0.013
Channel Slope	3.30 %
Depth	9.0 in
Diameter	18.0 in
Results	
Discharge	<b>9.54 cfs</b>
Flow Area	0.9 ft <sup>2</sup>
Wetted Perimeter	2.36 ft
Top Width	0.00 ft
Critical Depth	1.19 ft
Percent Full	50.0 %
Critical Slope	0.87 %
Velocity	10.80 ft/s
Velocity Head	1.81 ft
Specific Energy	30.7 in
Froude Number	2.48
Maximum Discharge	20.53 cfs
Discharge Full	19.08 cfs
Slope Full	0.83 %
Flow Type	Supercritical

The existing concrete ditch is under capacity under both the pre and post-development conditions. However, the post development will decrease the peak flow discharged into the ditch thus it will have no additional impact to the existing down stream facilities.



## **APPENDIX**





**San Diego County Soils Interpretation Study**  
**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS - Runoff Potential**

**Group A**  
Low Runoff Potential

**Group B**  
Moderate Runoff Potential

**Group C**  
High Runoff Potential

**Group D**  
Very High Runoff Potential

**San Diego County Soils Interpretation Study**  
**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS - Runoff Potential**

**Group A**  
Low Runoff Potential

**Group B**  
Moderate Runoff Potential

**Group C**  
High Runoff Potential

**Group D**  
Very High Runoff Potential

**San Diego County Soils Interpretation Study**  
**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS - Runoff Potential**

**Group A**  
Low Runoff Potential

**Group B**  
Moderate Runoff Potential

**Group C**  
High Runoff Potential

**Group D**  
Very High Runoff Potential

**San Diego County Soils Interpretation Study**  
**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS - Runoff Potential**

**Group A**  
Low Runoff Potential

**Group B**  
Moderate Runoff Potential

**Group C**  
High Runoff Potential

**Group D**  
Very High Runoff Potential

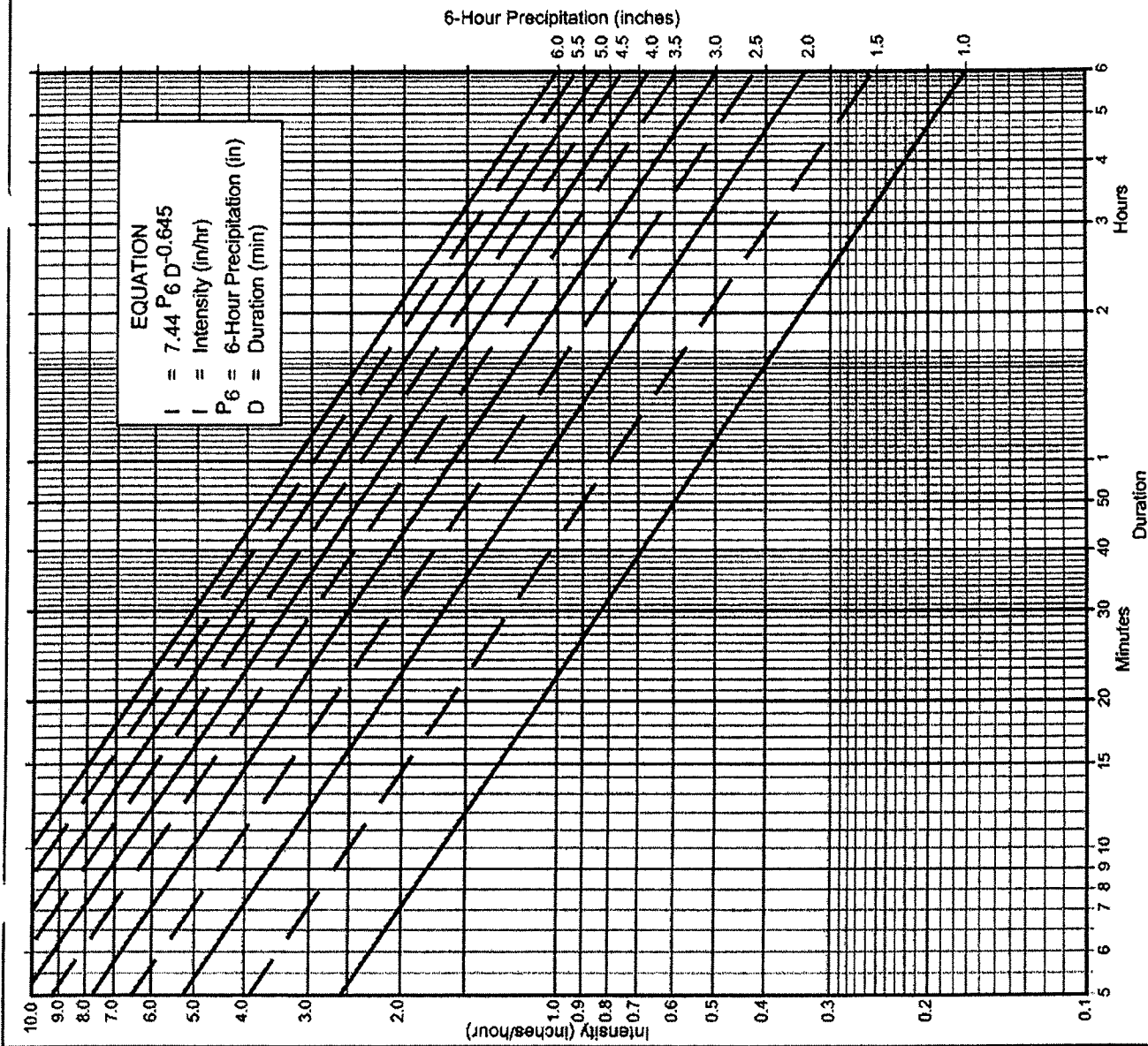
**Table 3-1  
RUNOFF COEFFICIENTS FOR URBAN AREAS**

Land Use		Runoff Coefficient "C"				
NRCS Elements	County Elements	% IMPER.	Soil Type			
			A	B	C	D
Undisturbed Natural Terrain (Natural)	Permanent Open Space	0*	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.35
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 1.0 DU/A or less	10	0.27	0.32	0.36	0.41
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.0 DU/A or less	20	0.34	0.38	0.42	0.46
Low Density Residential (LDR)	Residential, 2.9 DU/A or less	25	0.38	0.41	0.45	0.49
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 4.3 DU/A or less	30	0.41	0.45	0.48	0.52
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 7.3 DU/A or less	40	0.48	0.51	0.54	0.57
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 10.9 DU/A or less	45	0.52	0.54	0.57	0.60
Medium Density Residential (MDR)	Residential, 14.5 DU/A or less	50	0.55	0.58	0.60	0.63
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 24.0 DU/A or less	65	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.71
High Density Residential (HDR)	Residential, 43.0 DU/A or less	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (N. Com)	Neighborhood Commercial	80	0.76	0.77	0.78	0.79
Commercial/Industrial (G. Com)	General Commercial	85	0.80	0.80	0.81	0.82
Commercial/Industrial (O.P. Com)	Office Professional/Commercial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (Limited I.)	Limited Industrial	90	0.83	0.84	0.84	0.85
Commercial/Industrial (General I.)	General Industrial	95	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87

\*The values associated with 0% impervious may be used for direct calculation of the runoff coefficient as described in Section 3.1.2 (representing the pervious runoff coefficient, Cp, for the soil type), or for areas that will remain undisturbed in perpetuity. Justification must be given that the area will remain natural forever (e.g., the area is located in Cleveland National Forest).

DU/A = dwelling units per acre

NRCS = National Resources Conservation Service



**Directions for Application:**

- (1) From precipitation maps determine 6 hr and 24 hr amounts for the selected frequency. These maps are included in the County Hydrology Manual (10, 50, and 100 yr maps included in the Design and Procedure Manual).
- (2) Adjust 6 hr precipitation (if necessary) so that it is within the range of 45% to 65% of the 24 hr precipitation (not applicable to Desert).
- (3) Plot 6 hr precipitation on the right side of the chart.
- (4) Draw a line through the point parallel to the plotted lines.
- (5) This line is the intensity-duration curve for the location being analyzed.

**Application Form:**

- (a) Selected frequency  $\frac{100}{\text{year}}$
- (b)  $P_6 = 3.5$  in.,  $P_{24} = 6.0$   $\frac{P_6}{P_{24}} = 58$  %<sup>(2)</sup>
- (c) Adjusted  $P_6^{(2)} = 3.5$  in.
- (d)  $t_x =$  min.
- (e)  $I =$  in./hr.

Note: This chart replaces the Intensity-Duration-Frequency curves used since 1965.

P <sub>6</sub>	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6
Duration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5	2.63	3.95	5.27	6.59	7.90	9.22	10.54	11.86	13.17	14.49	15.81
7	2.12	3.18	4.24	5.30	6.36	7.42	8.48	9.54	10.60	11.66	12.72
10	1.68	2.53	3.37	4.21	5.05	5.90	6.74	7.58	8.42	9.27	10.11
15	1.30	1.95	2.59	3.24	3.89	4.54	5.19	5.84	6.49	7.13	7.78
20	1.08	1.62	2.15	2.69	3.23	3.77	4.31	4.85	5.39	5.93	6.46
25	0.93	1.40	1.87	2.33	2.80	3.27	3.73	4.20	4.67	5.13	5.60
30	0.83	1.24	1.65	2.07	2.49	2.90	3.32	3.73	4.15	4.56	4.98
40	0.69	1.03	1.38	1.72	2.07	2.41	2.76	3.10	3.45	3.79	4.13
50	0.60	0.90	1.19	1.49	1.79	2.09	2.39	2.69	2.98	3.28	3.58
60	0.53	0.80	1.06	1.33	1.59	1.86	2.12	2.39	2.65	2.92	3.18
90	0.41	0.61	0.82	1.02	1.23	1.43	1.63	1.84	2.04	2.25	2.45
120	0.34	0.51	0.68	0.85	1.02	1.19	1.36	1.53	1.70	1.87	2.04
150	0.29	0.44	0.59	0.73	0.88	1.03	1.18	1.32	1.47	1.62	1.76
180	0.26	0.39	0.52	0.65	0.78	0.91	1.04	1.18	1.31	1.44	1.57
240	0.22	0.33	0.43	0.54	0.65	0.76	0.87	0.98	1.08	1.19	1.30
300	0.19	0.28	0.38	0.47	0.56	0.66	0.75	0.85	0.94	1.03	1.13
360	0.17	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.50	0.58	0.67	0.75	0.84	0.92	1.00

Intensity-Duration Design Chart - Template

FIGURE



# County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



## Rainfall Isophuvials

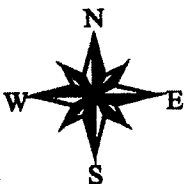
### 100 Year Rainfall Event - 6 Hours

----- Isopluvial (inches)

I6=3.5 IN/HR

**DPW  
GIS**  
Department of Public Works  
Geographic Information Services

**SanGIS**  
We Have San Diego Covered!

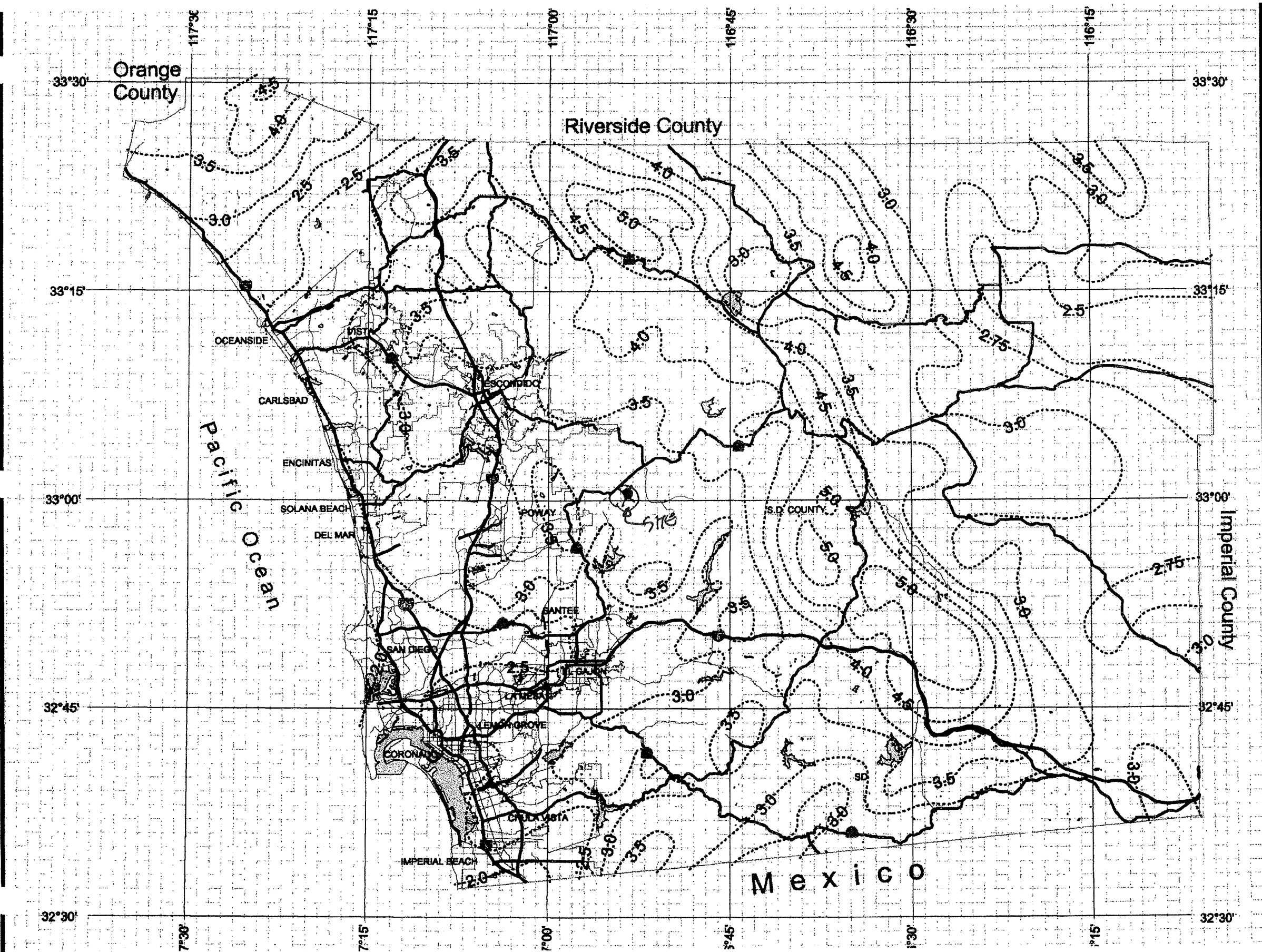


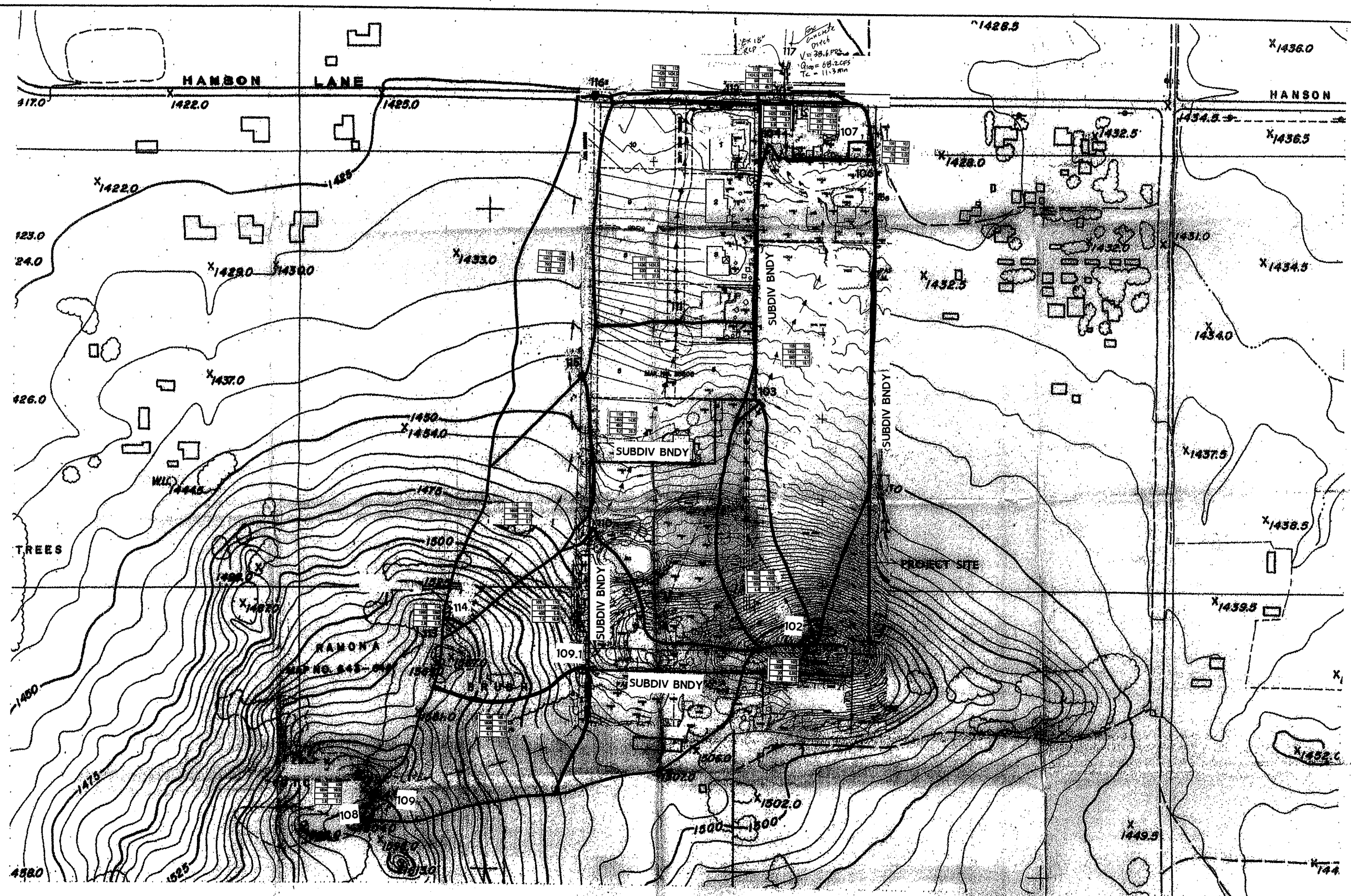
3 0 3 Miles

THIS MAP IS PROVIDED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.  
Copyright SanGIS. All Rights Reserved.

This product may contain information from the SANDAG Regional Information System which cannot be reproduced without the written permission of SANDAG.

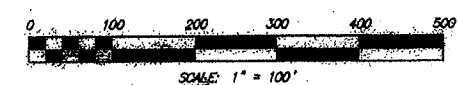
This product may contain information which has been reproduced with permission granted by Thomas Brothers Maps.





SCALE 1" = 100'

**ADMIRAL**  
CONSULTING  
PLANNING-ENGINEERING-CONSTRUCTION  
1055 GENESEE AVENUE, STE. 200  
SAN DIEGO, CA 92101, 619.597.8070



UPSTREAM NODE	DOWNSTREAM NODE
UPSTREAM ELEVATION	DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION
FLOW LENGTH (FT)	SUBAREA (AC)
To (MIN)	CUMULATIVE FLOWRATE (CFS)

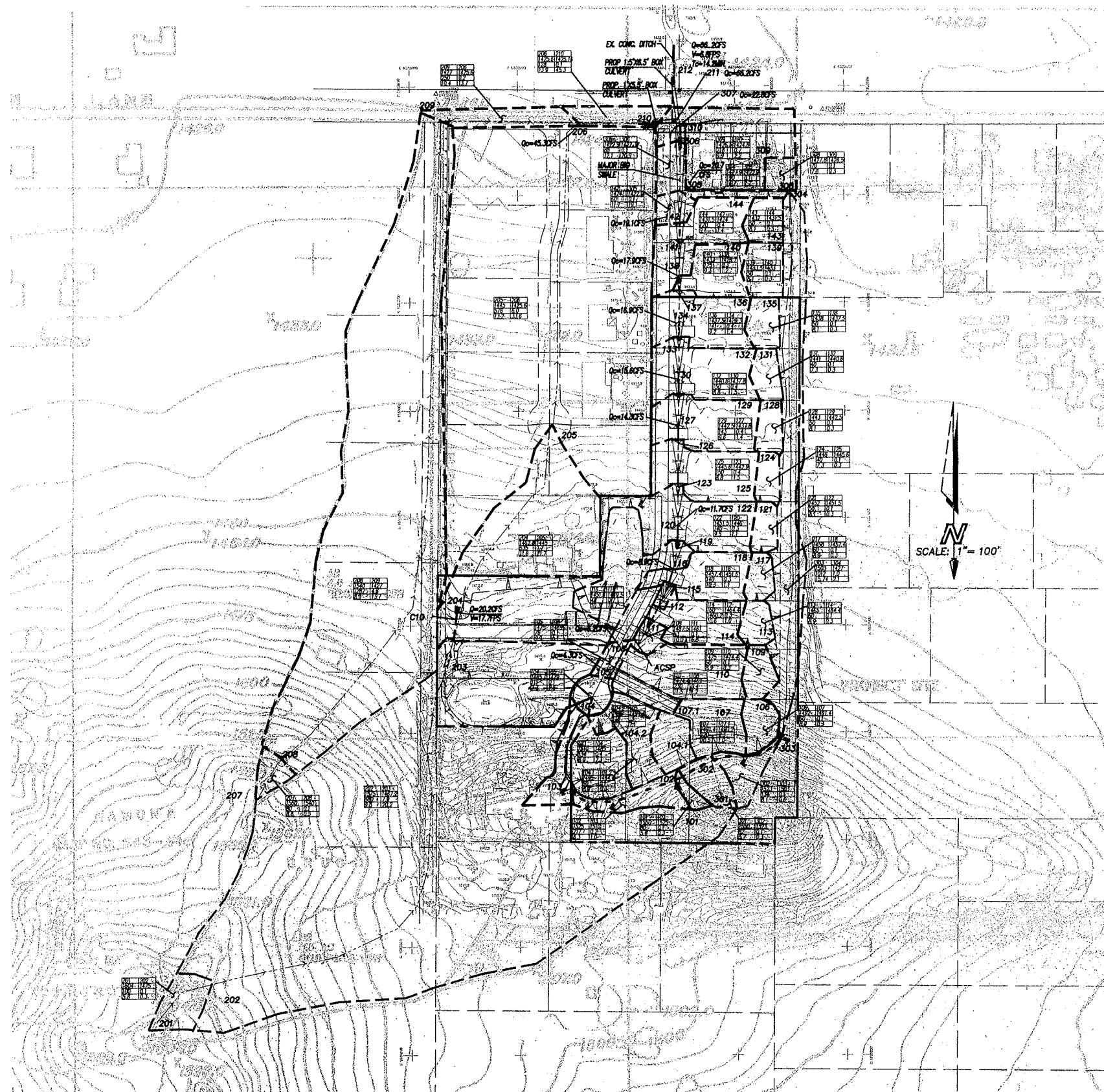
NOTE:  
ALL OF SHOWN REPRESENT THE  
CUMULATIVE FLOWS FROM UPSTREAM  
BASINS.

- LEGEND**
- DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY
  - 102 NODE POINT
  - PROJECT BOUNDARY
  - FLOW PATH

**ESTATES AT McDONALD**

**EXISTING DRAINAGE BASIN MAP**

PLATE 1



# LEGEND

NODE

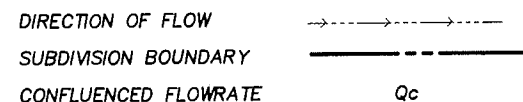
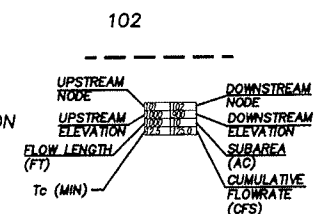
TRIBUTARY AREA  
BOUNDARY

SUB-AREA INFORMATION

DIRECTION OF FLOW

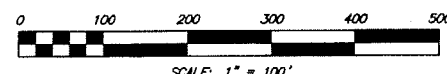
SUBDIVISION BOUNDARY

CONFLUENT FLOWRATE

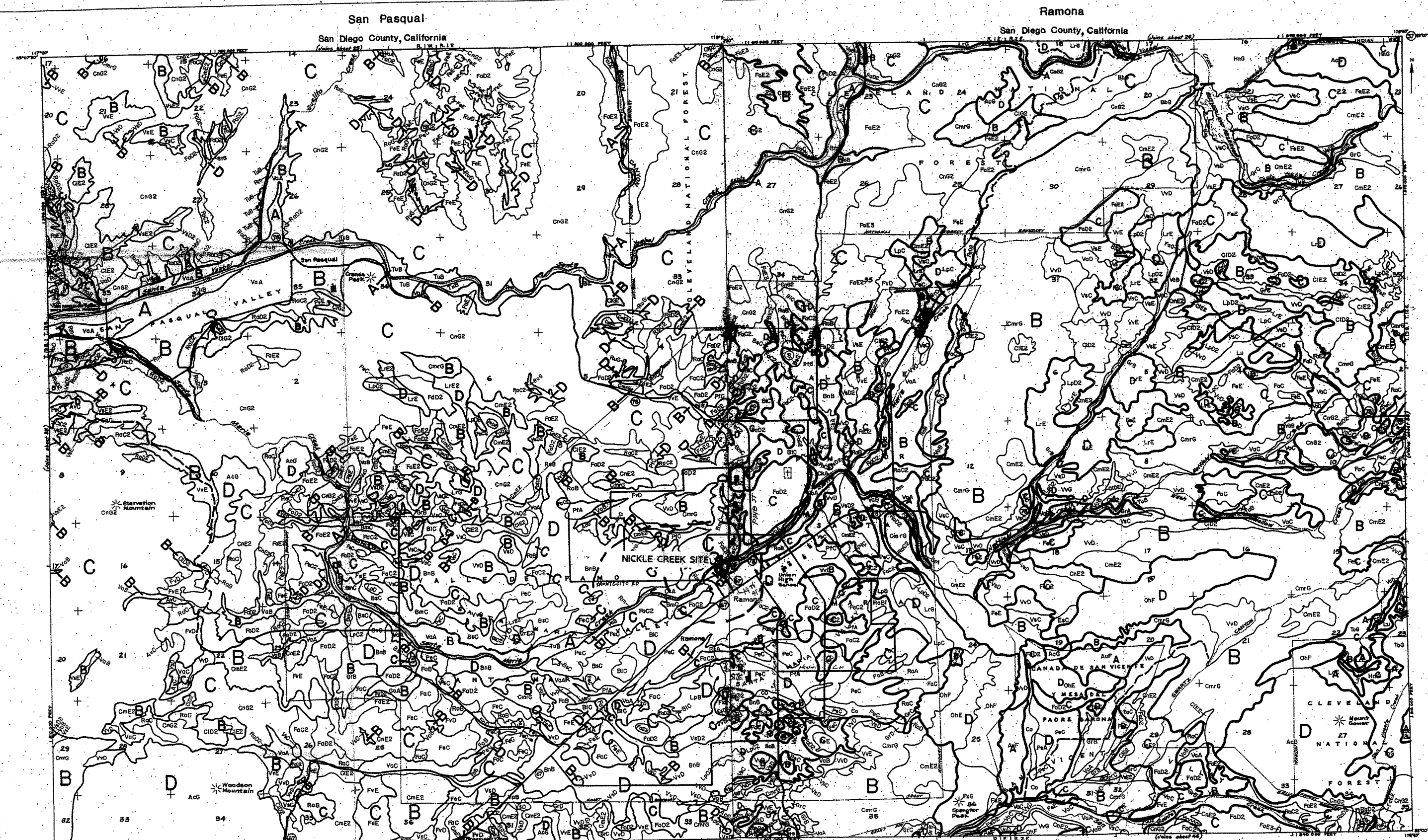


ESTATES AT McDONALD

PROPOSED DRAINAGE  
BASIN MAP







**San Diego County Soils Interpretation Study**  
**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS - Runoff Potential**

**Group A**  
Low Runoff Potential

**Group B**  
Moderate Runoff Potential

**Group C**  
High Runoff Potential

**Group D**  
Very High Runoff Potential

**San Diego County Soils Interpretation Study**  
**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS - Runoff Potential**

**Group A**  
Low Runoff Potential

**Group B**  
Moderate Runoff Potential

**Group C**  
High Runoff Potential

**Group D**  
Very High Runoff Potential

**San Diego County Soils Interpretation Study**  
**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS - Runoff Potential**

**Group A**  
Low Runoff Potential

**Group B**  
Moderate Runoff Potential

**Group C**  
High Runoff Potential

**Group D**  
Very High Runoff Potential

**San Diego County Soils Interpretation Study**  
**HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUPS - Runoff Potential**

**Group A**  
Low Runoff Potential

**Group B**  
Moderate Runoff Potential

**Group C**  
High Runoff Potential

**Group D**  
Very High Runoff Potential

# County of San Diego Hydrology Manual



## Rainfall Isophuvials

### 100 Year Rainfall Event - 6 Hours



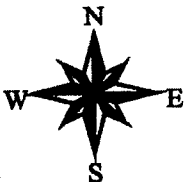
I6=3.5 IN/HR



THIS MAP IS PROVIDED WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Copyright SanGIS. All Rights Reserved.

This product may contain information from the SANDAG Regional Information System which cannot be reproduced without the written permission of SANDAG.

This product may contain information which has been reproduced with permission granted by Thomas Brothers Maps.



3 0 3 Miles

